TOWNSHIP OF ACME, MICHIGAN

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

GABRIDGE & CQ

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Township Board Township of Acme, Michigan Williamsburg, MI 49690

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Acme Michigan, (the "Township"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the

combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Gabridge a Company

Gabridge & Company, PLC Grand Rapids, Michigan October 20, 2017

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Township of Acme, Michigan (The "Township" or "government") we offer readers of the Township's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Township for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Township exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$26,049,264 (net position). Of this amount, \$3,890,484 represents unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the Township's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$2,372,611, an increase of \$48,647 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 18.7% of this amount (\$444,354) is available for spending at the government's discretion (*unassigned fund balance*).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$444,354, or approximately 47.7% of total general fund expenditures and transfers out.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis provided here is intended to serve as an introduction to the Township's basic financial statements. The Township's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) the notes to the financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Township's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents financial information on all of the Township's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Township is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the Township's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., capital asset activity and special assessment receivables).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Township that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Township include general government, public safety, recreation and culture, community and economic development, and public works. The business-type activities of the Township include water and sewer services.

The government-wide financial statements can be found as listed in the table of contents.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Township, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Township can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental* activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Township maintains ten individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general, fire, farm land preservation, holiday hills improvement, and Sayler Park boat launch funds, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other eight governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the combining and individual fund statements and schedules section of this report.

The Township adopts an annual appropriated budget for the general fund and each special revenue fund. A budgetary comparison schedule for the general fund and each major special revenue fund has been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found as listed in the table of contents.

Proprietary Funds. The Township maintains one type of proprietary fund, which is an enterprise fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The Township uses enterprises funds to account for its water and sewer operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide information for the water and sewer operations, which is considered to be a major fund of the Township.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found as listed in the table of contents.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds are not reported in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Township's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The Township maintains one type of fiduciary fund known as an agency fund type. The agency fund reports resources held by the Township in a custodial capacity for individuals, private organizations, and other governments.

The fiduciary fund financial statement can be found as listed in the table of contents.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found as listed in the table of contents.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents *required supplementary information* demonstrating the Township's compliance with its operating budgets by providing budgetary comparison schedules.

Required supplementary information can be found as listed in the table of contents.

This report also presents other supplementary information which includes the nonmajor fund combining and individual statements. The combining statements are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found as listed in the table of contents.

Government-wide Overall Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position over time may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Township, assets exceeded liabilities by \$26,049,264 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

	Govern	nmental	Busine	ss-ty	pe	Total Primary						
	Activ	vities	Acti	vities	5		Gover	rnme	nt			
	2017	2016	2017		2016		2017		2016			
ASSETS												
Current Assets												
Cash & Equivalents	\$ 2,201,295	\$ 2,152,805	\$ 2,738,665	\$	2,278,300	\$	4,939,960	\$	4,431,105			
Accounts Receivable	767,591	828,519	75,346		151,696		842,937		980,215			
Prepaid Items	15,933	14,360	-		-		15,933		14,360			
Due from County	128,288	133,056	-		-		128,288		133,056			
Due from State	58,549	60,057	-		-		58,549		60,057			
Total Current Assets	3,171,656	3,188,797	 2,814,011		2,429,996		5,985,667		5,618,793			
Noncurrent Assets												
Non-depreciable Capital Assets	14,952,835	14,952,835	-		-		14,952,835		14,952,835			
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	493,003	98,766	6,217,036		6,462,215		6,710,039		6,560,981			
Total Assets	18,617,494	18,240,398	 9,031,047		8,892,211		27,648,541		27,132,609			
LIABILIITES												
Current Liabilities												
Accounts Payable	38,405	45,355	54,118		91,466		92,523		136,821			
Accrued Liabilities	15,412	12,958	-		-		15,412		12,958			
Accrued Interest	3,809	3,879	3,021		3,754		6,830		7,633			
Current Portion of Long-term Debt	50,000	30,000	98,718		86,092		148,718		116,092			
Total Current Liabilities	107,626	92,192	 155,857		181,312		263,483		273,504			
Noncurrent Liabilities												
Compensated Absences	418	2,876	-		-		418		2,876			
Long-term Debt	865,000	915,000	470,376		518,854		1,335,376		1,433,854			
Total Liabilities	973,044	1,010,068	 626,233		700,166		1,599,277		1,710,234			
NET POSITION												
Net Investment in Capital Assets	15,445,838	15,051,601	5,647,942		5,857,269		21,093,780		20,908,870			
Restricted	1,065,000	868,683	-		-		1,065,000		868,683			
Unrestricted	1,133,612	1,310,046	2,756,872		2,334,776		3,890,484		3,644,822			
Total Net Position	\$ 17,644,450	\$ 17,230,330	\$ 8,404,814	\$	8,192,045	\$	26,049,264	\$	25,422,375			

By far, the largest portion of the Township's net position (\$21,093,780, or 81.0%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure), less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets. The Township uses these capital assets to provide a variety of services to its citizens. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Township's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources used to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the Township's net position (\$1,065,000, or 4.1%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$3,890,484, or 14.9%, is unrestricted and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Township is able to report positive balances in all reported categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

The Township's overall net position increased \$626,889 from the prior fiscal year. The reasons for this overall increase are discussed in the following sections for governmental activities and business-type activities.

The Township is reporting three significant changes in assets and liabilities as of June 30, 2017 when compared to the prior year. First, cash increased from \$4,431,105 as of June 30, 2016 to \$4,939,960 as of June 30, 2017. This is largely attributable to the combined increase in net position of both governmental and business-type activities during the year of \$618,052. Second, accounts receivable decreased by \$137,278 as of year-end primarily as a result of Grand Traverse County paying the Township its share of charges for water and sewer services one month earlier than June 30, 2016. And thirdly, long-term capital assets increased by \$149,058 largely as a result of capital assets additions relating to the Sayler boat launch completed during the year.

Governmental Activities. During the current fiscal year, net position for governmental activities increased \$414,120 from the prior fiscal year for an ending balance of \$17,644,450

Charges for services decreased from \$1,115,353 during the year ended June 30, 2016 to \$185,984 during the year ended June 30, 2017. This is largely the result of recognizing special assessment revenues received during 2016 by the Township to finance road improvements within Holiday Hills. Operating grants decreased from \$281,026 during the year ended June 30, 2016 to \$45,993 for the year ended June 30, 2017; this decrease is due largely to a prior year \$250,000 one-time contribution from the Grand Traverse County Road Commission for the Holiday Hills Improvement road improvement project.

General government expenses stayed relatively consistent with the prior year. Public works expenses decreased by approximately \$1,106,996 during the year as a result of road improvements (mentioned above related to the special assessments and contributions from the Road Commission). Recreation and culture expenses decreased by \$168,565 during the year as a result of the boat launch project expenses and additional repairs and maintenance that were incurred by the Township during 2016.

Business-type Activities. The results of the Township's business-type activities during the current fiscal year show an increase in overall net position of \$212,769, increasing overall net position to \$8,404,814. Charges for services decreased by \$461,958 compared to 2016. The primary reason for decreased revenues is that 2016 had construction resulting in new users of the system, including significant new revenues related to the Meijer store construction and connection to the system.

The following page shows a two-year comparison of the changes in net position for both the governmental and business-type activities.

	Govern	mental	Busine	ss-type	Total					
	Activ	vities	Activ	vities	Gover	nment				
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016				
Revenue										
Program Revenues										
Charges for Services	\$ 185,984	\$ 1,115,353	\$ 958,556	\$ 1,420,514	\$ 1,144,540	\$ 2,535,867				
Operating Grants & Contributions	45,993	281,026	-	-	45,993	281,026				
Capital Grants & Contributions	226,776	36,854			226,776	36,854				
Total Program Revenues	458,753	1,433,233	958,556	1,420,514	1,417,309	2,853,747				
General Revenues										
Property Taxes	1,373,228	1,344,328	-	-	1,373,228	1,344,328				
State Revenue Sharing	351,912	327,873	-	-	351,912	327,873				
Other	-	3,886	-	-	-	3,886				
Interest Income	5,119	2,470	9,977	8,508	15,096	10,978				
Total General Revenues	1,730,259	1,678,557	9,977	8,508	1,740,236	1,687,065				
Total Revenues	2,189,012	3,111,790	968,533	1,429,022	3,157,545	4,540,812				
Expenses										
General Government	507,707	529,678	-	-	507,707	529,678				
Public Safety	876,534	830,786	-	-	876,534	830,786				
Public Works	49,354	1,156,350	-	-	49,354	1,156,350				
Community & Economic Development	166,561	195,324	-	-	166,561	195,324				
Recreation & Culture	131,651	300,216	-	-	131,651	300,216				
Water & Sewer	-	-	775,909	740,838	775,909	740,838				
Interest on Long-term Debt	22,940	18,085			22,940	18,085				
Total Expenses	1,754,747	3,030,439	775,909	740,838	2,530,656	3,771,277				
Change in Net Position Before										
Transfers	434,265	81,351	192,624	688,184	626,889	769,535				
Transfers	(20,145)		20,145			-				
Change in Net Position	414,120	81,351	212,769	688,184	626,889	769,535				
Net Position at Beginning of Period	17,230,330	17,148,979	8,192,045	7,503,861	25,422,375	24,652,840				
Net Position at End of Period	\$ 17,644,450	\$ 17,230,330	\$ 8,404,814	\$ 8,192,045	\$ 26,049,264	\$ 25,422,375				

Financial Analysis of Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the Township uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Township's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Township's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the Township itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the Township's Board.

At June 30, 2017, the Township's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$2,372,611, an increase of \$48,647 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 18.7% of this amount (\$444,354) constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at

the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either *nonspendable*, *restricted*, *committed*, *or assigned* to indicate that it is; 1) restricted for particular purposes (\$1,065,000), 2) not in a spendable form (\$144,221), or 3) committed for particular purposes (\$719,036).

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Township. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$444,354, while total fund balance decreased to \$1,309,212. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total general fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 47.7% of total general fund expenditures and transfers out, while total fund balance represents approximately 140.4% percent of that same amount.

The fund balance of the Township's general fund decreased by \$15,865 during the current fiscal year which put the overall fund balance at \$1,309,212.

The fire fund, a major fund, had a \$26,223 increase in fund balance during the current fiscal year which put the overall fund balance at \$58,715. This increase in fund balance is related to the increased transfers in from the general fund to subsidize its operations.

The farm land preservation fund, a major fund, had a \$195,668 increase in fund balance during the current fiscal year which put the overall fund balance at \$588,956. This increase in fund balance is related to the decreased farm land development activities in the current year.

The holiday hills improvement fund, a major fund, had an \$27,693 increase in fund balance during the current fiscal year which put the overall fund balance at \$302,843. This increase is a result of the Township receiving assessments of \$80,703 during the year while incurring \$53,010 of debt service expenditures. The entire fund balance of \$275,150 is restricted, and will be expended on future road improvements and debt service payments on the 2015 transportation bond.

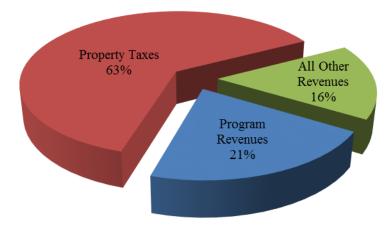
The Sayler Park boat launch fund, a major fund, had a \$114,199 decrease in fund balance during the current fiscal year which put the overall fund balance at \$682. This decrease in fund balance is related to expenditures for the Sayler boat launch capital improvement project.

Proprietary Funds. The Township's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the water & sewer fund at the end of the year was \$2,756,872. The increase in net position for the fund was \$212,769.

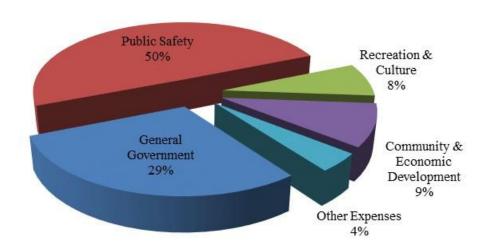
Governmental Activities

The following chart summarizes the revenue sources for the governmental activities of the Township for the most recent fiscal year end.



Governmental Activities Revenues

The following chart summarizes the expenses for the governmental activities of the Township for the most recent fiscal year end.



Governmental Activities Expenses

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Original budget compared to final budget. During the year there was a need for a significant budget amendment to increase the original estimated budgeted appropriations in its general fund in the public works department. This increased budgeted expenditure was offset with a decrease in budgeted contingency expenditures.

Final budget compared to actual results. During the current fiscal year the Township had no significant expenditures in excess of appropriations in the general fund.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2017, the Township had \$21,662,874 invested in capital assets. The following table represents the Townships investment in capital assets:

Township of Acme Capital Assets as of June 30, 2017

Land & Development Rights	\$ 14,952,835
Equipment	3,596
Building & Improvements	459,458
Vehicles	29,949
Water & Sewer System	 6,217,036
Net Capital Assets	\$ 21,662,874

More detailed information about the Township's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements section of this document.

Long-term Debt

At year-end the Township had total long-term debt of \$1,484,094, exclusive of compensated absences. The Township continued to pay down its debt, retiring \$65,852 of outstanding debt principal during the year.

The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that a local unit can issue to 10 percent of the assessed value of all taxable property within a Township's boundaries. The Township is well under the State limit as of June 30, 2017.

More detailed information about the Township's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements section of this document.

Economic Condition and Outlook

Management estimates that approximately \$930,000 of revenues will be available for appropriation in the general fund in the upcoming year. Expenditures are expected to change by small amounts compared to 2017. The Township continues to review all budget line items for opportunities to reduce expenditures when possible. The budget will be monitored during the year to identify any necessary amendments. In 2017, the Township plans again to use current revenues to provide essential services and to maintain the Township's financial reserves at similar levels. Property tax revenues are expected to change minimally reflecting fairly stable property values. The ongoing costs of providing essential services for the citizens of the Township will again need to be monitored in order to maintain the financial condition of the Township.

Contacting the Township

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Township's finances to its citizens, customers, investors, and creditors and to demonstrate the Township's accountability for the resources it receives. Questions regarding any information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Township of Acme 602 Acme Road Williamsburg, MI 49690 **Basic Financial Statements**

Township of Acme Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

	Primary Government											
		overnmental Activities	Bu	isiness-type Activities		Total						
ASSETS												
Current Assets												
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	2,201,295	\$	2,738,665	\$	4,939,960						
Due from County		128,288				128,288						
Accounts Receivable		71,709		75,346		147,055						
Special Assessments Receivable		695,882				695,882						
Due from State		58,549				58,549						
Prepaid Items		15,933				15,933						
Total Current Assets		3,171,656		2,814,011		5,985,667						
Noncurrent Assets												
Non-depreciable Capital Assets		14,952,835				14,952,835						
Depreciable Capital Assets (net)		493,003		6,217,036		6,710,039						
Total Assets		18,617,494		9,031,047		27,648,541						
LIABILITIES												
Current Liabilities												
Accounts Payable		38,405		54,118		92,523						
Accrued Payroll & Related Liabilities		15,412				15,412						
Accrued Interest		3,809		3,021		6,830						
Current Portion of Long-term Debt		50,000		97,160		147,160						
Current Portion of Contract Payable				1,558		1,558						
Total Current Liabilities		107,626		155,857		263,483						
Noncurrent Liabilities												
Long-term Debt		865,000		466,754		1,331,754						
Compensated Absences		418				418						
Contract Payable				3,622		3,622						
Total Liabilities		973,044		626,233		1,599,277						
NET POSITION												
Net Investment in Capital Assets		15,445,838		5,647,942		21,093,780						
Restricted for:												
Public Safety		157,743				157,743						
Capital Projects		309,707				309,707						
Other Functions		597,550				597,550						
Unrestricted		1,133,612		2,756,872		3,890,484						
Total Net Position	\$	17,644,450	\$	8,404,814	\$	26,049,264						

Township of Acme Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

					Р	rogram Revenues	5			Net (Expense) Revenue						
					Operating			Capital Grants		Primary Government						
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Grants and Contributions		and Contributions		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total		
Primary Government			_								-		_			
Governmental Activities:																
General Government	\$	507,707	\$	122,797	\$	19,208	\$		\$	(365,702)	\$		\$	(365,702)		
Public Safety		876,534				9,585				(866,949)				(866,949)		
Public Works		49,354		26,326						(23,028)				(23,028)		
Recreation & Culture		131,651		230		17,200		226,776		112,555				112,555		
Debt Service - Interest		22,940								(22,940)				(22,940)		
Community & Economic Development		166,561		36,631						(129,930)				(129,930)		
Total Governmental Activities		1,754,747		185,984		45,993		226,776		(1,295,994)				(1,295,994)		
Business-type Activities:																
Water & Sewer		775,909		958,556								182,647		182,647		
Total Business-type Activities		775,909		958,556								182,647		182,647		
Total Primary Government	\$	2,530,656	\$	1,144,540	\$	45,993	\$	226,776	\$	(1,295,994)	\$	182,647	\$	(1,113,347)		

General Purpose Revenues and Transfers:

Revenues			
State Revenue Sharing	351,912		351,912
Interest Income	5,119	9,977	15,096
Property Taxes	1,373,228		1,373,228
Transfers	(20,145)	20,145	
Total General Revenues and Transfers	1,710,114	30,122	 1,740,236
Change in Net Position	414,120	212,769	 626,889
Net Position at Beginning of Period	17,230,330	8,192,045	25,422,375
Net Position at End of Period	\$ 17,644,450	\$ 8,404,814	\$ 26,049,264

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of these Financial Statements

Township of Acme Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

				Spec	cial Revenue		Сар	ital Projects				
	 General	Fire Fund		Farm Land Preservation		Holiday Hills Improvement		Sayler Park Boat Launch		Other Governmental Funds		Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS				*					¢			
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,130,116	\$	58,715	\$	588,956	\$ 302,843	\$	682	\$	119,983	\$	2,201,295
Due from County	128,288											128,288
Accounts Receivable	71,709											71,709
Special Assessments Receivable						695,882						695,882
Due from State	58,549											58,549
Prepaid Items	 15,933					 					_	15,933
Total Assets	\$ 1,404,595	\$	58,715	\$	588,956	\$ 998,725	\$	682	\$	119,983	\$	3,171,656
LIABILITIES												
Accounts Payable	\$ 30,625	\$		\$		\$ 	\$		\$	7,780	\$	38,405
Accrued Payroll & Related Liabilities	15,412											15,412
Total Liabilities	46,037					 				7,780		53,817
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Unavailable Revenue	49,346					695,882						745,228
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	 95,383					 695,882				7,780		799,045
FUND BALANCE												
Nonspendable	144,221											144,221
Restricted	15,458		58,715		588,956	302,843				99,028		1,065,000
Committed	705,179							682		13,175		719,036
Unassigned	444,354											444,354
Total Fund Balance	 1,309,212		58,715		588,956	 302,843		682		112,203		2,372,611
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources	 					 						<u> </u>
and Fund Balance	\$ 1,404,595	\$	58,715	\$	588,956	\$ 998,725	\$	682	\$	119,983	\$	3,171,656

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of these Financial Statements

Township of Acme Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 2,372,611
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, interest expenditures are reported when due.	(3,809)
General government capital assets of \$15,798,041, net of accumulated depreciation of \$352,203, are not financial resources and accordingly are not reported in the funds.	15,445,838
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. This amount represents long-term debt of \$915,000.	(915,000)
Receivables not collected within 60 days of year-end are not available to cover current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.	745,228
Compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(418)
Total Net Position-Governmental Funds	\$ 17,644,450

Township of Acme Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Special Revenue				Capital Projects					
	 General]	Fire Fund		rm Land servation	iday Hills provement	Sayler Park Boa Launch	- 	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues											
Property Taxes	\$ 339,709	\$	755,951	\$	232,673	\$ 	\$ -	- \$	44,895	\$	1,373,228
Special Assessments						80,703	-	-			80,703
License & Permits	90,452						-	-	9,585		100,037
Local Contributions	19,208						-	-	707		19,915
Grants	16,393						226,77	5			243,169
State Revenue Sharing	351,912						-	-			351,912
Charges for Services	37,155						-	-	10,000		47,155
Other	28,966						10)			29,066
Interest Income	 4,619				495	 			5		5,119
Total Revenues	 888,414		755,951		233,168	 80,703	226,87	5	65,192		2,250,304
Expenditures											
General Government	494,374						-	-	8,471		502,845
Public Safety			813,227				-	-	63,307		876,534
Public Works	49,354						-	-			49,354
Community & Economic Development	129,061				37,500		-	-			166,561
Recreation & Culture	100,846						-	-	4,047		104,893
Capital Outlay							363,07	5	65,240		428,315
Debt Service - Principal						30,000	-	-			30,000
Debt Service - Interest						 23,010					23,010
Total Expenditures	773,635		813,227		37,500	 53,010	363,07	5	141,065		2,181,512
Excess of Revenues Over											
(Under) Expenditures	 114,779		(57,276)		195,668	 27,693	(136,199)	(75,873)		68,792
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Transfers In	28,000		83,499				50,00)	13,600		175,099
Transfers Out	 (158,644)					 	(28,000)	(8,600)		(195,244)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (130,644)		83,499			 	22,00)	5,000		(20,145)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(15,865)		26,223		195,668	 27,693	(114,199)	(70,873)		48,647
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period	 1,325,077		32,492		393,288	 275,150	114,88	<u> </u>	183,076		2,323,964
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 1,309,212	\$	58,715	\$	588,956	\$ 302,843	\$ 68	2 \$	112,203	\$	2,372,611

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of these Financial Statements

Township of Acme Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance with Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 48,647
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, interest expenditures are reported when due.	70
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which Capital Outlay of \$428,315 is in excess	
of Depreciation expense of \$34,078.	394,237
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	30,000
Unavailable revenues not collected within 60 days of year-end are not included as revenues in the funds. However, they are reported as revenues in the statement of activities as soon as they are collectible. This represents the change in unavailable revenues during the year.	(61,292)
Changes to compensated absences are not shown in the fund financial statements. The net effect of the current year is to decrease net position.	2,458
Changes in Net Position-Governmental Funds	\$ 414,120

Township of Acme Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2017

	Α	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund				
	Wat	ter & Sewer				
ASSETS						
Current Assets						
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	2,738,665				
Accounts Receivable		75,346				
Total Current Assets		2,814,011				
Noncurrent Assets						
Depreciable Capital Assets (net)		6,217,036				
Total Assets		9,031,047				
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts Payable		54,118				
Accrued Interest		3,021				
Current Portion of Long-term Debt		97,160				
Current Portion of Contract Payable		1,558				
Total Current Liabilities		155,857				
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Long-term Debt		466,754				
Contract Payable		3,622				
Total Liabilities		626,233				
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		5,647,942				
Unrestricted		2,756,872				
Total Net Position	\$	8,404,814				

Township of Acme Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund		
	Wat	Water & Sewer	
Operating Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$	958,556	
Total Operating Revenues		958,556	
Operating Expenses			
Contractual Services		491,621	
Depreciation		245,179	
Total Operating Expenses		736,800	
Operating Income (Loss)		221,756	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)			
Interest Expense		(39,109)	
Interest Income		9,977	
Net Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		(29,132)	
Income Before Contributions and Transfers		192,624	
Transfers In		20,145	
Change In Net Position		212,769	
Net Position at Beginning of Period		8,192,045	
Net Position at End of Period	\$	8,404,814	

Township of Acme Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund	
	Wa	ter & Sewer
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Cash Received from Customers	\$	1,034,906
Cash Payments to Contractors		(528,969)
Total Cash Flows from Operating Activities		505,937
Cash Flows from Non-capital and Related Financing Activities		
Increase (Decrease) from Transfer In		20,145
Total Cash Flows from Non-capital and Related Financing Activities		20,145
Cash Flows from (used by) Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Interest Paid		(39,842)
Principal Payments on Long-term Debt		(86,092)
Additional Debt Assumed for Additional Operating Capacity		57,622
Total Cash Flows from (used by) Capital and Related Financing Activities		(68,312)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Interest on Investments		2,595
Total Cash Flows from Investing Activities		2,595
Net Increase in Cash and Equivalents		460,365
Cash and Equivalents - Beginning of Year		2,278,300
Cash and Equivalents - End of Year	\$	2,738,665
Reconciliation of Operating Income to		
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		
Operating Income	\$	221,756
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash		
Provided by Operating Activities		045450
Depreciation Expense		245,179
Changes in Assets & Liabilities		
Receivables		76,350
Accounts Payable	¢	(37,348)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	505,937

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of these Financial Statements

Township of Acme Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2017

	Agency			
	Cu	rrent Tax	А	gency
ASSETS				
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	28,968	\$	8,800
Total Assets		28,968		8,800
LIABILITIES				
Due to Other Governments		28,968		8,800
Total Liabilities	\$	28,968	\$	8,800

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of these Financial Statements

Notes to the Financial Statements

Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Township of Acme, Michigan (the "Township" or "government"), have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Township's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

The Township is located in Grand Traverse County, Michigan, and provides services to its residents in many areas including police and fire protection, community enrichment and development, water and sewer services, recreation and culture, and human services. The Township is a general law township governed by a seven-member board elected by the citizens of the Township. The Township Board consists of the supervisor, clerk, treasurer and four trustees.

In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61, "*The Financial Reporting Entity*," these financial statements present the Township. The criteria established by GASB for determining the reporting entity includes oversight responsibility, fiscal dependency, and whether the financial statements would be misleading if data were not included. There are no other units that should be included in the financial statements.

The following entities are not included in the Township's financial statements but do represent an ongoing financial interest or responsibility:

Joint Ventures

Master Sewer Agreement

The Township entered into a master sewer agreement effective July 1, 1987 through June 30, 2041 with the City of Traverse City, the Townships of Peninsula and Garfield in Grand Traverse County, the Township of Elmwood in Leelanau County, and Grand Traverse County. This master sewer agreement defines the allocation of costs and establishes certain rights and responsibilities with respect to the wastewater treatment plant and sewer system. Grand Traverse County is the owner of the treatment plant and the City of Traverse City is the owner of all multi-user facilities. The townships have the option to purchase the facility when certain bonds issued by Grand Traverse County are retired.

The City of Traverse City is the exclusive manager of the plant for the benefit to itself and the townships. As the exclusive manager, the City of Traverse City has the obligation to fully inform and advise townships as to the treatment plant's operation and the townships shall have the right to comment on all matters connected with the administration of the plant.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Each participant in the joint venture pays an amount sufficient to cover its pro rata share of treatment plant costs. Each participant's pro rata share is determined by its volume of sewage treated in relation to total sewage treated at the plant.

The Township is responsible for debt service on the sewer system debt issues listed in Note 5 as determined biannually based upon the percentage of the Township's flow to the total flow through the treatment plant.

The Township is also responsible for lease payments to the Grand Traverse County Department of Public Works for the Township's portion of the Sewage Treatment Facility costs as listed in Note 5. In the year ended June 30, 2017, the Township paid \$84,534 to payoff sewage treatment plant bonds.

Metro Emergency Services Authority

The Township participates jointly in the operation of the Metro Emergency Services Authority with the charter townships of East Bay and Garfield in Grand Traverse County. The Township paid \$719,954 and \$93,273, to Metro Emergency Services Authority during the year ended June 30, 2017 for fire department and EMS services, respectively.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements, except for agency funds which do not have a measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement* focus and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period or within one year for expenditure-driven grants. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service and compensated absences expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, state revenue sharing, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Township.

The Township reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the Township's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Township, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are primarily derived from property taxes and state shared revenue.

The *fire fund* accounts for the Township's portion of operation of the Metro Emergency Services Authority. Financing is provided by a special property tax levy.

The *farm land preservation fund* accounts for the Township's development of farm land. Financing is provided by a property tax levy.

The *holiday hills improvement fund* accounts for costs of improving roads in holiday hills. Financing is provided by a special assessment and a transportation bond (which will also be repaid with special assessments).

Notes to the Financial Statements

The *Sayler Park boat launch fund* accounts for the Sayler Park boat launch capital project. Financing is provided by transfers in from other funds, contributions, and state and local grants.

The Township reports the following major proprietary fund:

The *water & sewer fund* accounts for the results of operations that provide water and sewer services to residents, financed primarily by a user charge for the provision of those services.

Additionally, the Township reports the following fund types:

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Agency funds account for the collection and disbursements of taxes and other monies due to other units of government and individuals.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the Township's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges for services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include depreciation on capital assets, labor, supplies and contracted services. All revenues and expenses are not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Budgets presented in the financial statements were prepared on the same basis as the accounting basis used to reflect actual results. The general fund and special revenue funds are subject to legal budgetary accounting controls and all are budgeted annually. The Township follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Township Supervisor submits to the Township Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.

Notes to the Financial Statements

- 3. Prior to the first day of the following fiscal year, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 4. The Township Supervisor is authorized to make budget transfers to or from any one appropriation category during the fiscal year within dollar limits established by the Township Board. The legal level of budgetary control is at the activity level in the general fund and the functional level for special revenue funds.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds except agency funds. Budget appropriations lapse at year-end.
- 6. Adoption and amendments of all budgets used by the Township are governed by Public Act 621, which was followed for the year ended June 30, 2017. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations. The appropriations resolutions are based on the projected expenditures budget of the department heads of the Township. Any amendment to the original budget must meet the requirements of Public Act 621. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Township Board.

Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Township's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash deposits are reported at carrying amounts which reasonably estimate fair value.

State statutes and Township policy authorize the Township to invest in:

- Bonds, securities, other obligations and repurchase agreements of the United States, or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts or depository receipts of a qualified financial institution.
- Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- Bankers' acceptances of United States banks.
- Obligations of the State of Michigan and its political subdivisions, that, at the time of purchase are rated as investment grade by at least one standard rating service.

Notes to the Financial Statements

• Mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year and all other outstanding balances between funds are referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles, as applicable. All amounts deemed to be uncollectible are charged against the allowance for doubtful accounts in the period that determination is made. No amounts have been deemed uncollectable.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, water and sewer lines, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. During the current year, there was no interest expense capitalized as part of the cost of assets under construction.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Description	Years
Road Improvements	15-20
Water & Sewer Infrastructure	50
Buildings & Building Improvements	40-50
Vehicles	3-5
Equipment	3-7

Notes to the Financial Statements

Conservation Easements

A conservation easement is a legal agreement between a landowner and a qualified conservation organization that permanently limits a property's use in order to protect its conservation values. Conservation easements, either purchased or donated, are initially valued at their appraised value. The difference between the purchase price and appraised value is reflected as capital grants and contributions in the statement of activities. This value is capitalized as a non-depreciable capital asset as it is recognized as an intangible asset providing value to the residents of the Township.

Deferred Inflows of Resources / Unavailable Revenue

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from one source: special assessment receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, the long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. For new bond issuances of governmental funds after the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34 and all proprietary fund bond issues, bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are treated as a current period expense.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Compensated Absences (Paid Time Off)

The Township's policy for compensated absences allows unused time to carry over to the following year at a maximum of 24 hours per year, with a maximum accumulation of 120 hours.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. Governmental funds report *nonspendable fund balance* for amounts that cannot be spent because they are either: a) not in spendable form or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. *Restricted fund balance* is reported when externally imposed constraints are placed on the use of resources by grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The government itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The Township Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Township Board has authorized any two of the following to assign fund balance: the Township Supervisor, Clerk, or Treasurer. The Township Board may also assign fund balance as it does when

Township of Acme

Notes to the Financial Statements

appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the Township's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications and is therefore available to be spent as determined by the Township's Board.

The Township intends to maintain a fund balance of 50% of the Township's general fund annual operating expenditures. If a fund balance declines below 50%, it shall be recovered at a rate of 1%, at a minimum, each year.

Revenues and Expenditures / Expenses

Property Tax Revenue Recognition

Property taxes are levied on each December 1 on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31. Taxes are considered delinquent on March 1 of the following year, at which time penalties and interest are assessed.

The Township's 2016 tax was levied and collectible on December 1, 2016 and was recognized as revenue in the year ended June 30, 2017, when the proceeds of the levy are budgeted and available for the financing of operations.

Use of Estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

Subsequent Events

The Township has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition and disclosure through October 20, 2017, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

P.A. 621 of 1978, as amended, provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated during the year. Budget appropriations are considered to be spent once the goods are delivered or the services rendered.

The Township had no significant expenditures in excess of appropriations during the current year.

Note 3 - Cash and Investments

A reconciliation of cash & cash equivalents to the Township's deposits and investments, as shown in the government-wide financial statements and in the statement of fiduciary net position, is as follows:

	G	overnmental	В	usiness-type					
		Activities		Activities	F	iduciary Funds	Total		
Statement of Net Position									
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	2,201,295	\$	2,738,665	\$	37,768	\$	4,977,728	

Deposits

Deposits are carried at cost and are maintained at various financial institutions in the name of the Township. Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91, authorizes the Township to deposit and invest in the accounts of federally-insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations. The Township's deposits are in accordance with statutory authority.

Custodial Credit Risk

In the event of bank failure, the Township's uninsured deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2017, \$4,252,770 of the Township's \$5,002,770 bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

The Township held no investments as of June 30, 2017.

Township of Acme

Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 4 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	June 30, 2016	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2017
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land & Development Rights	\$ 14,952,835	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,952,835
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings & Improvements	233,201	428,315	-	661,516
Vehicles	97,342	-	-	97,342
Equipment	95,232	-	8,884	86,348
Total capital assets being depreciated	425,775	428,315	8,884	845,206
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings & Improvements	175,740	26,318	-	202,058
Vehicles	60,881	6,512	-	67,393
Equipment	90,388	1,248	8,884	82,752
Total accumulated depreciation	327,009	34,078	8,884	352,203
Total capital assets, net	\$ 15,051,601	\$ 394,237	\$ -	\$ 15,445,838

Capital asset activity for business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

Business-type Activities	June 30, 2016	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2017
Capital assets being depreciated				
Water & Sewer System	\$ 12,258,956	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,258,956
Less accumulated depreciation				
Water & Sewer System	5,796,741	245,179	-	6,041,920
Total capital assets, net	\$ 6,462,215	\$ 245,179	\$-	\$ 6,217,036

Depreciation expense was charged to the Township as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General Government	\$ 5,396
Recreation & Culture	 28,682
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 34,078
Business-type Activities	
Water & Sewer	\$ 245,179

Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 5 - Long-term Debt

Long-term debt at June 30, 2017 was composed of the following individual issues:

General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds (Governmental Activities)

Michigan Transportation Fund Bonds, Series 2015; \$945,000 issued dated July 1, 2015 used to finance road improvement projects within the Holiday Hills Area Subdivision Road Improvement Special Assessment Project with its authority under Act No. 51. Interest is paid semi-annually commencing March 1, 2016 with annual principal payments due September 1. Principal payments range annually from \$30,000 to \$75,000 with interest rates ranging from 0.65% to 3.50%. Maturity is scheduled for September 1, 2030. Payments on this long-term debt will be made entirely from special assessments collected within the Township's Holiday Hills Improvement fund.

General Obligation Bonds (Business-type activities)

2011 Traverse City Wastewater Treatment Plant - Upgrade Refunding General Obligation Bond (#334); remaining annual installments of \$137,054 to \$194,853 through April 2022; interest rate of 3.00% to 4.00%.

The above business-type activities contractual obligations to Grand Traverse County (the "County") are the result of the County issuance of bonds on the Township's behalf. The Township has pledged substantially all revenue of the water and sewer fund, net of operating expenses, to repay the obligations; in addition, it has pledged to raise property taxes, to the extent permitted by law, if necessary to fund the obligation to repay the County. The Township's portion of County bonds are adjusted annually based on plant flows. Proceeds from the County bonds provided financing for the construction of the sewer facilities and assets. All agreements provide for the Township to use, operate, and maintain the systems, at its own expense, subject to the terms and conditions of the agreement. The remaining principal to be paid on the bonds total \$527,006 as of June 30, 2017. During the current year, net revenues of the system were \$958,556 compared to the annual debt requirements of \$125,934.

Leases Payable

The Grand Traverse County Department of Public Works has entered into various lease agreements with Acme Township to issue bonded debt and to manage the construction and operation of the Septage Treatment Plant joint venture. These agreements generally terminate with the retirement of the related bond issues. Leases payable are reported at an amount equal to the outstanding bond principal. Annual lease payments under these agreements are equal to the related bond principal and interest due each year. At termination of a lease, members of the joint venture have the option to purchase the facility.

Under the accrual basis of accounting, the leases are classified as sales leases. As a result, a long-term liability is recognized in the accompanying statement of net position.

Assets capitalized under the lease have a cost of \$470,853 and a net book value of \$376,865 as of June 30, 2017.

The following is a summary of long-term debt of the Township:

	6/30/2016		Additions		Reductions		6/30/2017		Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities:										
2015 Transportation Bonds	\$	945,000	\$	-	\$	30,000	\$	915,000	\$	50,000
Compensated Absences		2,876		-		2,458		418		-
Total Governmental Activities		947,876		-		32,458	915,418			50,000
		947,876								
Business-type Activities:										
2011 Refunding Bonds		553,918		57,622		84,534		527,006		97,160
Unamortized Bond Premium		44,290		-		7,382		36,908		-
Contract Payable		6,738		-		1,558		5,180		1,558
Total Business-type Activities		604,946		57,622		93,474		569,094		98,718
Total Long-term Debt	\$	1,552,822	\$	57,622	\$	125,932	\$	1,484,512	\$	148,718

Future debt service maturity payments, excluding bond premiums and compensated absences, at June 30, 2017 were as follows:

	Governmental Activities					Business-type Activities						
	P	rincipal	Ι	nterest		Total	P	rincipal	I	nterest		Total
2018	\$	50,000	\$	22,855	\$	72,855	\$	98,790	\$	21,080	\$	119,870
2019		55,000		22,286		77,286		103,478		17,194		120,672
2020		55,000		21,530		76,530		107,365		13,124		120,489
2021		55,000		20,637		75,637		109,369		8,902		118,271
2022		65,000		19,489		84,489		113,184		4,528		117,712
2023-2026		340,000		73,256		413,256		-		-		-
2027-2031		295,000		20,667		315,667		-		-		-
Total	\$	915,000	\$	200,720	\$ 1	1,115,720	\$	532,186	\$	64,828	\$	597,014

Advance Refunding

During the year ended June 30, 2012, the County issued general obligation City of Traverse City Treatment Plan Series 2011 bonds of \$20,385,000 (par value) with interest rates ranging from 3.00% to 4.00% to advance refund \$21,300,000 of the County Series 2002 bonds. The remaining Series 2002 bonds mature in fiscal years 2014 through 2022 in the amount of \$19,750,000 with interest rates of 4.10% to 5.00%. Acme Township's portion of the remaining maturities is \$527,006 as of June 30, 2017.

Note 6 - Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers during the year were as follows:

Transfer In	Transfer Out	A	Amount
General Fund	Sayler Park	\$	28,000
Fire Fund	General Fund		83,499
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		8,600
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund		5,000
Sayler Park Boat Launch	General Fund		50,000
Water & Sewer	General Fund		20,145

Transfers are used to: 1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, 2) moves receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and 3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Note 7 - Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The Township provides pension benefits to all of its full-time employees through a defined contribution plan through Wells Fargo. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate after 12 months of employment with a minimum age of 21. As established by the Board of Trustees, the Township contributes 10 percent of employees' gross earnings and employee contributions for each employee. Employer contributions plus interest allocated to the employee's account are fully vested after four years of service.

The current year contribution was calculated on covered payroll of \$272,300, resulting in an employer contribution of \$27,230. No contributions from employees are required.

Note 8 - Development Rights

Development rights typically are donated through the gift of a conservation easement. The donation of a perpetual conservation easement which preserves the conservation values of a property deemed to be in the public benefit, such as prime agricultural land, scenic views, wetlands, forests, and unique wildlife habitats, is recognized in the Federal Tax Code and may result in substantial income and estate tax benefits to the donor/landowner.

In situations where charitable tax benefits do not provide sufficient incentives, development rights are purchased rather than donated. This is often the case with farmland preservation programs. The amount paid to the landowner is determined by a "before and after" appraisal of the fair market value of the subject land.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 9 - Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The Township has purchased commercial insurance for medical claims and participates in the Michigan Townships Participating Plan for all other claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Michigan Municipal League operates its public entity risk pool and group self insurance program as common risk management and insurance programs for various municipalities throughout the State. The plan purchases commercial insurance on behalf of its members at a lower cost than would be available on an individual basis. The plan includes the land use liability coverage, the shoreline park property, and buildings on the park property. The coverage under the current Michigan Municipal League policy, which covers all risks under the same policy-wide limit, is \$5 million.

Note 10 - Commitments and Contingencies

Septage Treatment Facility

The Township is a participant in the Septage Treatment Facility. Being a participant requires the Township to contribute funding to the planning of a new facility. As of June 30, 2017, the total cost of the project has not been estimated and no expenditures have been made.

Grant Programs

The Township participates in state and federally assisted grant programs. The programs are subject to economy and efficiency, and program result audits by the grantors or their representatives. The audits of the programs for, or including, the year ended June 30, 2017 have not yet been conducted. Accordingly, the Township's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at some future date.

Note 11 - Related Party Transactions

The Township Treasurer owns an assessing company called A&D Assessing. During the year ended June 30, 2017, the Township paid this company \$40,800 for services provided.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 12 - Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

The Township reports fund balance in governmental funds based on the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. GASB 54 establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds.

	General Fund	Fire Fund	Farmland Preservation	Holiday Hills Improvement	Sayler Park Boat Launch	Nonmajor Funds	Total
Nonspendable:							
Long-term Receivable	\$ 128,288	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 128,288
Prepaid Items	15,933						15,933
Total Nonspendable	144,221						144,221
Restricted for:							
Farmland Preservation Fund	-	-	588,956	-	-	-	588,956
Public Act 48 Metro Fund	8,594	-	-	-	-	-	8,594
Fire Fund	-	58,715	-	-	-	-	58,715
Police Protection Fund	-	-	-	-	-	90,910	90,910
Liquor Fund	-	-	-	-	-	8,118	8,118
Holiday Hills Improvement	-	-	-	302,843	-	-	302,843
Capital Projects	6,864	-	-	-	-	-	6,864
Total Restricted	15,458	58,715	588,956	302,843		99,028	1,065,000
Committed for:							
Self Funded Accts	388,125	-	-	-	-	-	388,125
Cemetery	-	-	-	-	-	10,936	10,936
Shoreline Preservation Fund	-	-	-	-	-	1,379	1,379
Parks	69,208	-	-	-	-	860	70,068
Saylor Park Boat Launch	-	-	-	-	682	-	682
GTTC Engineer Project Mgmt	32,000	-	-	-	-	-	32,000
Township Hall / Community Center	30,000	-		-		-	30,000
Septage Plant Bond Buyout	185,846	-	-	-	-	-	185,846
Total Committed	705,179			-	682	13,175	719,036
Unassigned	444,354						444,354
Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 1,309,212	\$ 58,715	\$ 588,956	\$ 302,843	\$ 682	\$ 112,203	\$ 2,372,611

Restricted fund balance of \$1,065,000 in the funds equals the amount restricted in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements.

Note 13 - Tax Abatement Disclosure

Agricultural processing renaissance zone abatements are granted in the State of Michigan under Public Act 376 of 1996, as amended, to help attract new business, increase economic development, and expand agricultural business and employment opportunities. The exemption must be approved by both the Township (after a public hearing is held) and the State of Michigan. The exemptions can cover real and/or personal property. By State law, the exemption must be applied for no later than six months after commencement of the project, and must be accompanied by a written agreement between the taxpayer and the Township. Accordingly, such agreements meet the criteria of "tax abatements" under GASB Statement No. 77. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Township's property taxes were reduced by \$7,297 under this program.

Required Supplementary Information

Township of Acme Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

							Variance Positive
		Budgete	d Amo				(Negative)
Revenues		Original		Final		Actual	Final to Actual
Property Taxes	\$	344,750	\$	344,750	\$	341,102	\$ (3,648
License & Permits	φ	85,200	φ	85,200	φ	90,452	\$ (3,048) 5,252
Local Contributions						19,208	19,208
Grants		40,250		40,250		19,208	(25,250)
State Revenue Sharing		340,496		340,496		351,912	11,416
Charges for Services		88,500		88,500		37,155	(51,345)
Other		26,700		26,700		28,736	2,036
Interest Income		1,850		1,850		4,849	2,050
Total Revenues		927,746		927,746		888,414	(39,332)
Other Financing Sources		927,740		927,740		000,414	(39,332)
Transfers In				28,000		28.000	
				28,000		28,000	
Total Revenues and Other		027 746		055 746		016 414	(20, 220)
Financing Sources		927,746	·	955,746		916,414	(39,332)
Expenditures							
General Government							
Township Board		168,170		166,170		168,648	(2,478)
Supervisor		49,140		49,140		48,499	641
Elections		15,150		17,150		15,619	1,531
Assessing		53,983		53,983		53,235	748
Clerk		81,977		81,977		79,267	2,710
Board of Review		1,261		1,261		893	368
Treasurer		68,775		68,775		66,440	2,335
Building & Grounds		36,900		48,900		47,085	1,815
Total General Government		475,356		487,356		479,686	7,670
Public Works		2,800		48,975		49,354	(379)
Community and Economic Development		210,630		210,630		129,061	81,569
Parks & Recreation		109,560		109,560		100,846	8,714
Other		14,400		19,000		14,688	4,312
Contingency		65,000		2,142			2,142
Total Expenditures		877,746		877,664		773,635	104,029
Other Financing Uses							
Transfers Out				158,644		158,644	-
Total Expenditures and Other							
Financing Uses		877,746		1,036,307		932,279	104,028
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures							
and Other Uses		50,000		(80,561)		(15,865)	64,696
Net Change in Fund Balance		50,000		(80,561)		(15,865)	64,690
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period		1,325,077		1,325,077		1,325,077	
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$	1,375,077	\$	1,244,516	\$	1,309,212	\$ 64,690
		, , _, _, _, , , , ,	<u> </u>	_,,. 10	<u> </u>	_,_ v/ ,	5.,070

Township of Acme Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Fire Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgete	d Amo	unts				Variance Positive (Negative)
	 Original		Final		Actual		Final to Actual
Revenues						-	
Property Taxes	\$ 754,196	\$	754,196	\$	755,951	\$	1,755
Total Revenues	 754,196		754,196		755,951		1,755
Other Financing Sources							
Transfers In	2,000		83,499		83,499		
Total Revenues and Other							
Financing Sources	 756,196		837,695		839,450		1,755
Expenditures							
Public Safety	753,122		815,955		813,227		2,728
Total Expenditures	 753,122		815,955		813,227		2,728
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures and Other Uses	3,074		21,740		26,223		4,483
Net Change in Fund Balance	 3,074	-	21,740		26,223		4,483
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period	 32,492		32,492	_	32,492		
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 35,566	\$	54,232	\$	58,715	\$	4,483

Township of Acme Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Farm Land Preservation For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgete	d Amo	ounts		Variance Positive (Negative)
	 Original		Final	 Actual	Final to Actual
Revenues					
Property Taxes	\$ 236,022	\$	236,022	\$ 232,673	\$ (3,349)
Interest Income	 60		60	 495	 435
Total Revenues	 236,082		236,082	 233,168	 (2,914)
Expenditures					
Community and Economic Development	24,000		24,000	37,500	(13,500)
Capital Outlay	200,000		200,000		200,000
Total Expenditures	224,000		224,000	37,500	186,500
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	12,082		12,082	195,668	183,586
Net Change in Fund Balance	12,082		12,082	195,668	183,586
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period	393,288		393,288	393,288	
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 405,370	\$	405,370	\$ 588,956	\$ 183,586

Township of Acme Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Holiday Hills Improvement For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Budgete	d Amo	unts				Variance Positive (Negative)
		Original		Final		Actual		Final to Actual
Revenues							_	
Special Assessments	\$	64,832	\$	64,832	\$	80,703	\$	15,871
Other		40,000		40,000				(40,000)
Total Revenues		104,832		104,832		80,703		(24,129)
Expenditures								
Debt Service - Principal		37,203		37,203		30,000		7,203
Debt Service - Interest		23,010		23,010		23,010		
Total Expenditures		60,213		60,213		53,010		7,203
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		44,620		44,620		27,693		(16,927)
Net Change in Fund Balance		44,620		44,620		27,693		(16,927)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period		275,150		275,150		275,150		
Fund Balance at End of Period	¢	319,770	¢	319,770	¢	302,843	¢	(16,927)

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

Township of Acme Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

	Special Revenue											
	Police Protection		Cemetery Fund		Liquor Fund		Shoreline Preservation		Park Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
ASSETS												
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	90,910	\$	14,616	\$	8,118	\$	1,379	\$	4,960	\$	119,983
Total Assets	\$	90,910	\$	14,616	\$	8,118	\$	1,379	\$	4,960	\$	119,983
LIABILITIES												
Accounts Payable	\$		\$	3,680	\$		\$		\$	4,100	\$	7,780
Total Liabilities				3,680						4,100		7,780
FUND BALANCE												
Restricted		90,910				8,118						99,028
Committed				10,936				1,379		860		13,175
Unassigned												
Total Fund Balance		90,910		10,936		8,118		1,379		860		112,203
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows												
of Resourcesand Fund Balance	\$	90,910	\$	14,616	\$	8,118	\$	1,379	\$	4,960	\$	119,983

Township of Acme Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Police Protection		Cemetery Fund		Liquor Fund	Shoreline Preservation	Park Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Revenues	¢	14.005	¢		ф.	ф.	¢	¢	44.005
Property Taxes	\$	44,895	\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	44,895
License & Permits					9,585				9,585
Local Contributions							707		707
Charges for Services			10,00	00					10,000
Interest Income					4	1			5
Total Revenues		44,895	10,00	00	9,589	1	707		65,192
Expenditures									
General Government			8,47	71					8,471
Public Safety		63,307							63,307
Recreation & Culture							4,047		4,047
Capital Outlay							65,240	_	65,240
Total Expenditures		63,307	8,47	71			69,287		141,065
Excess of Revenues Over									
(Under) Expenditures		(18,412)	1,52	29	9,589	1	(68,580)		(75,873)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers In		8,600					5,000		13,600
Transfers Out					(8,600)				(8,600)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)		8,600			(8,600)		5,000		5,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		(9,812)	1,52	29	989	1	(63,580)		(70,873)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period		100,722	9,40)7	7,129	1,378	64,440		183,076
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$	90,910	\$ 10,93	36	\$ 8,118	\$ 1,379	\$ 860	\$	112,203



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October 20, 2017

To the Township Board Township of Acme, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Acme (the "Township") for the year ended June 30, 2017. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated August 14, 2017. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the Township are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2017. We noted no transactions entered into by the Township during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate affecting the Township's financial statements was:

Management's estimate of the useful lives of depreciable capital assets which is based on the length of time it is believed those assets will provide some economic benefit in the future. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimate and have determined that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated October 20, 2017.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the Township's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issue

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the Township's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to management's discussion & analysis and budgetary comparison schedules, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on combining statements which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

Communication Regarding Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. In addition, because of the inherent limitations in internal control, including the possibility of management override of controls, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected by such controls. However, as discussed below, we have identified deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Township's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the following deficiency to be s material weakness:

Financial statement preparation:

Criteria: All governmental units in Michigan are required to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). This is the responsibility of the management. The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires internal controls over both: (1) recording, processing, and summarizing accounting data (i.e. maintaining internal accounting records), and (2) reporting government-wide and fund financial statements, including the related notes to the financial statements (i.e. external financial reporting).

Condition: As is the case with many small and medium-sized governmental units, the Township has historically relied on its independent external auditor to assist with the preparation of the financial statements, the related notes, and the management's discussion and analysis as part of its external financial reporting process. Accordingly, the Township's ability to prepare financial statements in accordance with GAAP is based, in part, on its reliance on its external auditor, who cannot, by definition, be considered part of the Township's internal controls. Having the auditor draft the annual financial statements is allowable under current auditing standards and ethical guidelines and may be the most efficient and effective method for preparation of the Township's financial statements. However, when an entity (on its own) lacks the ability to produce financial statements that conform to GAAP, or when material audit adjustments are identified by the auditor, auditing standards require that such conditions be communicated in writing as material weaknesses.

Cause: This condition was caused by the Township's decision to outsource the preparation of its annual financial statements to the external auditor rather than incur the costs of obtaining the necessary training and expertise required for the Township to perform this task internally because outsourcing the task is considered more cost effective.

Effect: The Township lacks complete internal controls over the preparation of its financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and, instead, relies, at least in part, on assistance from its external auditor for assistance with this task.

Auditor's Recommendation: We recommend that management continue to monitor the relative costs and benefits of securing the internal or other external resources necessary to prepare a draft of the Township's annual financial statements versus contracting with its auditor for these services.

Management Response: Management has made an ongoing evaluation of the respective costs and benefits of obtaining internal or external resources, specifically for the preparation of financial statements, and has determined that the additional benefits derived from implementing such a system would not outweigh the costs incurred to do so. Management will continue to review the draft financial statements and notes prior to approving them and accepting responsibility for their content and presentation.

The Township's Response to Findings

We did not audit the Township's response to the internal control findings described above and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the information and use of the Township Board and management of the Township of Acme and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Gabridge a Company

Gabridge & Company, PLC Grand Rapids, Michigan